HOUSE BILL No. 1690

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 5-2-6; IC 10-13; IC 11-8; IC 11-13-3-4; IC 31-19-11-1; IC 31-34-1-8.5; IC 35-33-8-3.5; IC 35-38; IC 35-42-4; IC 35-43-1-2; IC 35-50; IC 36-2-13.

Synopsis: CHINS, sex offender, and child molester registry. Requires a person who is convicted of child selling, neglect of a dependent, or battery upon a child to register as a sex offender, violent offender, or child molester. Renames the designation of "sex offender" to "sex offender or child molester" and renames the designation of "sex or violent offender" to "sex offender, violent offender, or child molester." Provides that a child is a child in need of services (CHINS) if the child resides in Indiana and the child: (1) is found to be a CHINS in another jurisdiction; (2) commits an act in another jurisdiction that would make the child a CHINS if the act were committed in Indiana; and (3) is subject to acts or conditions in another jurisdiction in which the child would be considered a CHINS if the acts or conditions were to take place in Indiana. Allows a court to order a person to register as a sex offender as a condition of probation for not longer than five years. Makes conforming changes.

Effective: July 1, 2009.

Crouch, Riecken

January 16, 2009, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.



U







First Regular Session 116th General Assembly (2009)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2008 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

C

HOUSE BILL No. 1690

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 5-2-6-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.107-2008,
2	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 3. The institute is established to do the following:
4	(1) Evaluate state and local programs associated with:
5	(A) the prevention, detection, and solution of criminal
6	offenses;
7	(B) law enforcement; and
8	(C) the administration of criminal and juvenile justice.
9	(2) Improve and coordinate all aspects of law enforcement,
0	juvenile justice, and criminal justice in this state.
1	(3) Stimulate criminal and juvenile justice research.
2	(4) Develop new methods for the prevention and reduction of
3	crime.
4	(5) Prepare applications for funds under the Omnibus Act and the
5	Juvenile Justice Act.
6	(6) Administer victim and witness assistance funds.
7	(7) Administer the traffic safety functions assigned to the institute



1	under IC 9-27-2.
2	(8) Compile and analyze information and disseminate the
3	information to persons who make criminal justice decisions in this
4	state.
5	(9) Serve as the criminal justice statistical analysis center for this
6	state.
7	(10) Identify grants and other funds that can be used by the
8	department of correction to carry out its responsibilities
9	concerning sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester
10	registration under IC 11-8-8.
11	(11) Administer the application and approval process for
12	designating an area of a consolidated or second class city as a
13	public safety improvement area under IC 36-8-19.5.
14	(12) Develop and maintain a meth watch program to inform
15	retailers and the public about illicit methamphetamine production,
16	distribution, and use in Indiana.
17	(13) Establish, maintain, and operate, subject to specific
18	appropriation by the general assembly, a web site containing a list
19	of properties (as defined in IC 5-2-6-19(b)) that have been used
20	as the site of a methamphetamine laboratory.
21	(14) Develop and manage the gang crime witness protection
22	program established by section 21 of this chapter.
23	(15) Identify grants and other funds that can be used to fund the
24	gang crime witness protection program.
25	(16) After December 31, 2008, administer the licensing of:
26	(A) commercial driver training schools; and
27	(B) instructors at commercial driver training schools.
28	SECTION 2. IC 5-2-6-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,
29	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
30	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 14. (a) The victim and witness assistance fund is
31	established. The institute shall administer the fund. Except as provided
32	in subsection (e), expenditures from the fund may be made only in
33	accordance with appropriations made by the general assembly.
34	(b) The source of the victim and witness assistance fund is the
35	family violence and victim assistance fund established by IC 12-18-5-2.
36	(c) The institute may use money from the victim and witness
37	assistance fund when awarding a grant or entering into a contract under
38	this chapter, if the money is used for the support of a program in the
39	office of a prosecuting attorney or in a state or local law enforcement
40	agency designed to:
41	(1) help evaluate the physical, emotional, and personal needs of
42	a victim resulting from a crime, and counsel or refer the victim to



1	those agencies or persons in the community that can provide the
2	services needed;
3	(2) provide transportation for victims and witnesses of crime to
4	attend proceedings in the case when necessary; or
5	(3) provide other services to victims or witnesses of crime when
6	necessary to enable them to participate in criminal proceedings
7	without undue hardship or trauma.
8	(d) Money in the victim and witness assistance fund at the end of a
9	particular fiscal year does not revert to the general fund.
10	(e) The institute may use money in the fund to:
11	(1) pay the costs of administering the fund, including
12	expenditures for personnel and data;
13	(2) support the registration of sex or offenders, violent offenders,
14	and child molesters under IC 11-8-8 and the Indiana sex and
15	offender, violent offender, and child molester registry
16	established under IC 36-2-13-5.5;
17	(3) provide training for persons to assist victims; and
18	(4) establish and maintain a victim notification system under
19	IC 11-8-7 if the department of correction establishes the system.
20	SECTION 3. IC 10-13-3-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,
21	SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 5. (a) As used in this chapter, "criminal history
23	data" means information collected by criminal justice agencies, the
24	United States Department of Justice for the department's information
25	system, or individuals.
26	(b) The term consists of the following:
27	(1) Identifiable descriptions and notations of arrests, indictments,
28	informations, or other formal criminal charges.
29	(2) Information, including a photograph, regarding a sex or
30	offender, violent offender, or child molester (as defined in
31	IC 11-8-8-5) obtained through sex or offender, violent offender,
32	or child molester registration under IC 11-8-8.
33	(3) Any disposition, including sentencing, and correctional system
34	intake, transfer, and release.
35	(4) A photograph of the person who is the subject of the
36	information described in subdivisions (1) through (3).
37	(c) The term includes fingerprint information described in section
38	24(f) of this chapter.
39	SECTION 4. IC 10-13-3-27, AS AMENDED BY P.L.146-2008,
40	SECTION 368, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
41	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 27. (a) Except as provided in
42	subsection (b), on request, a law enforcement agency shall release a



1	limited criminal history to or allow inspection of a limited criminal	
2	history by noncriminal justice organizations or individuals only if the	
3	subject of the request:	
4	(1) has applied for employment with a noncriminal justice	
5	organization or individual;	
6	(2) has applied for a license and has provided criminal history	
7	data as required by law to be provided in connection with the	
8	license;	
9	(3) is a candidate for public office or a public official;	
10	(4) is in the process of being apprehended by a law enforcement	
11	agency;	
12	(5) is placed under arrest for the alleged commission of a crime;	
13	(6) has charged that the subject's rights have been abused	
14	repeatedly by criminal justice agencies;	
15	(7) is the subject of a judicial decision or determination with	
16	respect to the setting of bond, plea bargaining, sentencing, or	
17	probation;	
18	(8) has volunteered services that involve contact with, care of, or	
19	supervision over a child who is being placed, matched, or	
20	monitored by a social services agency or a nonprofit corporation;	
21	(9) is currently residing in a location designated by the	
22	department of child services (established by IC 31-25-1-1) or by	
23	a juvenile court as the out-of-home placement for a child at the	
24	time the child will reside in the location;	
25	(10) has volunteered services at a public school (as defined in	
26	IC 20-18-2-15) or nonpublic school (as defined in IC 20-18-2-12)	
27	that involve contact with, care of, or supervision over a student	
28	enrolled in the school;	
29	(11) is being investigated for welfare fraud by an investigator of	
30	the division of family resources or a local office of the division of	
31	family resources;	
32	(12) is being sought by the parent locator service of the child	
33	support bureau of the department of child services;	
34	(13) is or was required to register as a sex or offender, violent	
35	offender, or child molester under IC 11-8-8; or	
36	(14) has been convicted of any of the following:	
37	(A) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1), if the victim is less than eighteen	
38	(18) years of age.	
39	(B) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2), if the victim is	
40	less than eighteen (18) years of age.	
41	(C) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).	
12	(D) Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4(b)).	



1	(E) Possession of child pornography (IC 35-42-4-4(c)).
2	(F) Vicarious sexual gratification (IC 35-42-4-5).
3	(G) Child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6).
4	(H) Child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7).
5	(I) Sexual misconduct with a minor as a felony (IC 35-42-4-9).
6	(J) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3), if the victim is less than eighteen
7	(18) years of age.
8	However, limited criminal history information obtained from the
9	National Crime Information Center may not be released under this
10	section except to the extent permitted by the Attorney General of the
11	United States.
12	(b) A law enforcement agency shall allow inspection of a limited
13	criminal history by and release a limited criminal history to the
14	following noncriminal justice organizations:
15	(1) Federally chartered or insured banking institutions.
16	(2) Officials of state and local government for any of the
17	following purposes:
18	(A) Employment with a state or local governmental entity.
19	(B) Licensing.
20	(3) Segments of the securities industry identified under 15 U.S.C.
21	78q(f)(2).
22	(c) Any person who knowingly or intentionally uses limited criminal
23	history for any purpose not specified under this section commits a
24	Class A misdemeanor.
25	SECTION 5. IC 10-13-3-30, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,
26	SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 30. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), on
28	request for release or inspection of a limited criminal history, law
29	enforcement agencies may, if the agency has complied with the
30	reporting requirements in section 24 of this chapter, and the department
31	shall do the following:
32	(1) Require a form, provided by law enforcement agencies and the
33	department, to be completed. The form shall be maintained for
34	two (2) years and shall be available to the record subject upon
35	request.
36	(2) Collect a three dollar (\$3) fee to defray the cost of processing
37	a request for inspection.
38	(3) Collect a seven dollar (\$7) fee to defray the cost of processing
39	a request for release. However, law enforcement agencies and the
40	department may not charge the fee for requests received from the
41	parent locator service of the child support bureau of the
42	department of child services.



1	(b) Law enforcement agencies and the department shall edit	
2	information so that the only information released or inspected is	
3	information that:	
4	(1) has been requested; and	
5	(2) is limited criminal history information.	
6	(c) The fee required under subsection (a) shall be waived if the	
7	request relates to the registration of sex or offenders, violent offenders,	
8	or child molesters under IC 11-8-8 or the Indiana sex and offender,	
9	violent offender, and child molester registry under IC 36-2-13-5.5 or	
10	concerns a person required to register as a sex or offender, violent	
11	offender, or child molester under IC 11-8-8.	
12	SECTION 6. IC 10-13-4-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,	
13	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
14	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 4. As used in this chapter, "juvenile history data"	
15	means information collected by criminal or juvenile justice agencies or	
16	individuals about a child who is alleged to have committed a reportable	
17	act and consists of the following:	
18	(1) Descriptions and notations of events leading to the taking of	
19	the child into custody by a juvenile justice agency for a reportable	
20	act allegedly committed by the child.	
21	(2) A petition alleging that the child is a delinquent child.	
22	(3) Dispositional decrees concerning the child that are entered	
23	under IC 31-37-19 (or IC 31-6-4-15.9 before its repeal).	
24	(4) The findings of a court determined after a hearing is held	
25	under IC 31-37-20-2 or IC 31-37-20-3 (or IC 31-6-4-19(h) or	
26	IC 31-6-4-19(i) before their repeal) concerning the child.	
27	(5) Information:	
28	(A) regarding a child who has been adjudicated a delinquent	
29	child for committing an act that would be an offense described	
30	in IC 11-8-8-5 if committed by an adult; and	
31	(B) that is obtained through sex or offender, violent offender,	
32	and child molester registration under IC 11-8-8.	
33	SECTION 7. IC 11-8-2-12.4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,	
34	SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
35	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 12.4. The department shall do the following:	
36	(1) Maintain the Indiana sex and offender, violent offender, and	
37	child molester registry established under IC 36-2-13-5.5. The	
38	department shall ensure that a sex offender's, violent offender's,	
39	or child molester's Social Security number remains unavailable	
40	to the public.	
41	(2) Prescribe and approve a format for sex or offender, violent	
42	offender and child molester registration as required by	



1	IC 11-8-8.	
2	(3) Provide:	
3	(A) judges;	
4	(B) law enforcement officials;	
5	(C) prosecuting attorneys;	
6	(D) parole officers;	
7	(E) probation officers; and	
8	(F) community corrections officials;	
9	with information and training concerning the requirements of	
10	IC 11-8-8 and the use of the Indiana sex and offender, violent	1
11	offender, and child molester registry.	
12	(4) Upon request of a neighborhood association:	
13	(A) transmit to the neighborhood association information	
14	concerning sex or offenders, violent offenders, and child	
15	molesters who reside near the location of the neighborhood	
16	association; or	1
17	(B) provide instructional materials concerning the use of the	•
18	Indiana sex and offender, violent offender, and child	
19	molester registry to the neighborhood association.	
20	(5) Maintain records on every sex or offender, violent offender,	
21	or child molester who:	ı
22	(A) is incarcerated;	
23	(B) has relocated out of state; and	
24	(C) is no longer required to register due to the expiration of the	•
25	sex or offender's, violent offender's and child's molester's	
26	registration period.	
27	SECTION 8. IC 11-8-8-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,	1
28	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
29	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "principal residence"	
30	means the residence where a sex or offender, violent offender, or child	
31	molester spends the most time. The term includes a residence owned	
32	or leased by another person if the sex or offender, violent offender, or	
33	child molester:	
34	(1) does not own or lease a residence; or	
35	(2) spends more time at the residence owned or leased by the	
36	other person than at the residence owned or leased by the sex or	
37	offender, violent offender, or child molester.	
38	SECTION 9. IC 11-8-8-4.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.216-2007,	
39	SECTION 12, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
40	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 4.5. (a) Except as provided in section 22 of this	
41	chapter, as used in this chapter, "sex offender or child molester"	
12	means a person convicted of any of the following offenses:	



1	(1) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1).	
2	(2) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2).	
3	(3) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).	
4	(4) Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4(b)).	
5	(5) Vicarious sexual gratification (including performing sexual	
6	conduct in the presence of a minor) (IC 35-42-4-5).	
7	(6) Child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6).	
8	(7) Child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7).	
9	(8) Sexual misconduct with a minor as a Class A, Class B, or	
10	Class C felony (IC 35-42-4-9), unless:	4
11	(A) the person is convicted of sexual misconduct with a minor	
12	as a Class C felony;	
13	(B) the person is not more than:	
14	(i) four (4) years older than the victim if the offense was	
15	committed after June 30, 2007; or	
16	(ii) five (5) years older than the victim if the offense was	
17	committed before July 1, 2007; and	- U
18	(C) the sentencing court finds that the person should not be	
19	required to register as a sex offender or child molester.	
20	(9) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3).	
21	(10) Sexual battery (IC 35-42-4-8).	
22	(11) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2), if the victim is less than eighteen	
23	(18) years of age, and the person who kidnapped the victim is not	
24	the victim's parent or guardian.	_
25	(12) Criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3), if the victim is less	
26	than eighteen (18) years of age, and the person who confined or	
27	removed the victim is not the victim's parent or guardian.	
28	(13) Possession of child pornography (IC 35-42-4-4(c)).	\
29	(14) Promoting prostitution (IC 35-45-4-4) as a Class B felony.	
30	(15) Promotion of human trafficking (IC 35-42-3.5-1(a)(2)) if the	
31	victim is less than eighteen (18) years of age.	
32	(16) Sexual trafficking of a minor (IC 35-42-3.5-1(b)).	
33	(17) Human trafficking (IC 35-42-3.5-1(c)(3)) if the victim is less	
34	than eighteen (18) years of age.	
35	(18) Child selling (IC 35-46-1-4(d)).	
36	(19) Neglect of a dependent (IC $35-46-1-4(a)(1)$ and	
37	IC 35-46-1-4(a)(2)).	
38	(20) Battery upon a child (IC 35-42-2-1(a)(2)(B)).	
39	(18) (21) An attempt or conspiracy to commit a crime listed in	
40	subdivisions (1) through (17). (20).	
41	(19) (22) A crime under the laws of another jurisdiction,	
42	including a military court, that is substantially equivalent to any	



1	of the offenses listed in subdivisions (1) through (18).	
2	(b) The term includes:	
3	(1) a person who is required to register as a sex offender or child	
4	molester in any jurisdiction; and	
5	(2) a child who has committed a delinquent act and who:	
6	(A) is at least fourteen (14) years of age;	
7	(B) is on probation, is on parole, is discharged from a facility	
8	by the department of correction, is discharged from a secure	
9	private facility (as defined in IC 31-9-2-115), or is discharged	4
10	from a juvenile detention facility as a result of an adjudication	
11	as a delinquent child for an act that would be an offense	
12	described in subsection (a) if committed by an adult; and	
13	(C) is found by a court by clear and convincing evidence to be	
14	likely to repeat an act that would be an offense described in	
15	subsection (a) if committed by an adult.	4
16	(c) In making a determination under subsection (b)(2)(C), the court	
17	shall consider expert testimony concerning whether a child is likely to	
18	repeat an act that would be an offense described in subsection (a) if	
19	committed by an adult.	
20	SECTION 10. IC 11-8-8-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,	
21	SECTION 13, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
22	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 5. (a) Except as provided in section 22 of this	
23	chapter, as used in this chapter, "sex or offender, violent offender, or	
24	child molester" means a person convicted of any of the following	
25	offenses:	
26	(1) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1).	
27	(2) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2).	
28	(3) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).	
29	(4) Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4(b)).	
30	(5) Vicarious sexual gratification (including performing sexual	
31	conduct in the presence of a minor) (IC 35-42-4-5).	
32	(6) Child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6).	
33	(7) Child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7).	
34	(8) Sexual misconduct with a minor as a Class A, Class B, or	
35	Class C felony (IC 35-42-4-9), unless:	
36	(A) the person is convicted of sexual misconduct with a minor	
37	as a Class C felony;	
38	(B) the person is not more than:	
39 40	(i) four (4) years older than the victim if the offense was	
40 41	committed after June 30, 2007; or	
41	(ii) five (5) years older than the victim if the offense was	
42	committed before July 1, 2007; and	



1	(C) the sentencing court finds that the person should not be	
2	required to register as a sex offender.	
3	(9) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3).	
4	(10) Sexual battery (IC 35-42-4-8).	
5	(11) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2), if the victim is less than eighteen	
6	(18) years of age, and the person who kidnapped the victim is not	
7	the victim's parent or guardian.	
8	(12) Criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3), if the victim is less	
9	than eighteen (18) years of age, and the person who confined or	
10	removed the victim is not the victim's parent or guardian.	
11	(13) Possession of child pornography (IC 35-42-4-4(c)).	
12	(14) Promoting prostitution (IC 35-45-4-4) as a Class B felony.	
13	(15) Promotion of human trafficking (IC 35-42-3.5-1(a)(2)) if the	
14	victim is less than eighteen (18) years of age.	
15	(16) Sexual trafficking of a minor (IC 35-42-3.5-1(b)).	
16	(17) Human trafficking (IC 35-42-3.5-1(c)(3)) if the victim is less	
17	than eighteen (18) years of age.	
18	(18) Murder (IC 35-42-1-1).	
19	(19) Voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3).	
20	(20) Child selling (IC 35-46-1-4(d)).	
21	(21) Neglect of a dependent (IC 35-46-1-4(a)(1) and	
22	IC $35-46-1-4(a)(2)$).	
23	(22) Battery upon a child (IC 35-42-2-1(a)(2)(B)).	
24	(20) (23) An attempt or conspiracy to commit a crime listed in	
25	subdivisions (1) through (19). (22).	
26	(21) (24) A crime under the laws of another jurisdiction,	
27	including a military court, that is substantially equivalent to any	
28	of the offenses listed in subdivisions (1) through (20) .	
29	(b) The term includes:	
30	(1) a person who is required to register as a sex or offender,	
31	violent offender, or child molester in any jurisdiction; and	
32	(2) a child who has committed a delinquent act and who:	
33	(A) is at least fourteen (14) years of age;	
34	(B) is on probation, is on parole, is discharged from a facility	
35	by the department of correction, is discharged from a secure	
36	private facility (as defined in IC 31-9-2-115), or is discharged	
37	from a juvenile detention facility as a result of an adjudication	
38	as a delinquent child for an act that would be an offense	
39	described in subsection (a) if committed by an adult; and	
40	(C) is found by a court by clear and convincing evidence to be	
41	likely to repeat an act that would be an offense described in	
42.	subsection (a) if committed by an adult.	



1	(c) In making a determination under subsection (b)(2)(C), the court
2	shall consider expert testimony concerning whether a child is likely to
3	repeat an act that would be an offense described in subsection (a) if
4	committed by an adult.
5	SECTION 11. IC 11-8-8-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2008,
6	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
7	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 7. (a) Subject to section 19 of this chapter, the
8	following persons must register under this chapter:
9	(1) A sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who
10	resides in Indiana. A sex or offender, violent offender, or child
11	molester resides in Indiana if either of the following applies:
12	(A) The sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester
13	spends or intends to spend at least seven (7) days (including
14	part of a day) in Indiana during a one hundred eighty (180) day
15	period.
16	(B) The sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester
17	owns real property in Indiana and returns to Indiana at any
18	time.
19	(2) A sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who
20	works or carries on a vocation or intends to work or carry on a
21	vocation full-time or part-time for a period:
22	(A) exceeding seven (7) consecutive days; or
23	(B) for a total period exceeding fourteen (14) days;
24	during any calendar year in Indiana regardless of whether the sex
25	or offender, violent offender, or child molester is financially
26	compensated, volunteered, or is acting for the purpose of
27	government or educational benefit.
28	(3) A sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who is
29	enrolled or intends to be enrolled on a full-time or part-time basis
30	in any public or private educational institution, including any
31	secondary school, trade, or professional institution, or
32	postsecondary educational institution.
33	(b) Except as provided in subsection (e), a sex or offender, violent
34	offender, or child molester who resides in Indiana shall register with
35	the local law enforcement authority in the county where the sex or
36	violent offender resides. If a sex or offender, violent offender, or child
37	molester resides in more than one (1) county, the sex or offender,
38	violent offender, or child molester shall register with the local law
39	enforcement authority in each county in which the sex or offender,
40	violent offender, or child molester resides. If the sex or offender,
41	violent offender, or child molester is also required to register under

subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3), the sex or offender, violent offender, or



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child molester shall also register with the local law enforcement authority in the county in which the offender is required to register under subsection (c) or (d).

(c) A sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester described in subsection (a)(2) shall register with the local law enforcement authority in the county where the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is or intends to be employed or carry on a vocation. If a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is or intends to be employed or carry on a vocation in more than one (1) county, the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester shall register with the local law enforcement authority in each county. If the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is also required to register under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(3), the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester shall also register with the local law enforcement authority in the county in which the offender is required to register under subsection (b) or (d).

(d) A sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester described in subsection (a)(3) shall register with the local law enforcement authority in the county where the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is enrolled or intends to be enrolled as a student. If the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is also required to register under subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2), the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester shall also register with the local law enforcement authority in the county in which the offender is required to register under subsection (b) or (c).

- (e) A sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester described in subsection (a)(1)(B) shall register with the local law enforcement authority in the county in which the real property is located. If the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is also required to register under subsection (a)(1)(A), (a)(2), or (a)(3), the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester shall also register with the local law enforcement authority in the county in which the offender is required to register under subsection (b), (c), or (d).
- (f) A sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester committed to the department shall register with the department before the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is released from incarceration. The department shall forward the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's registration information to the local law enforcement authority of every county in which the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is required to register.
- (g) This subsection does not apply to a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who is a sexually violent predator. A sex











1	or offender, violent offender, or child molester not committed to the
2	department shall register not more than seven (7) days after the sex or
3	offender, violent offender, or child molester:
4	(1) is released from a penal facility (as defined in IC 35-41-1-21);
5	(2) is released from a secure private facility (as defined in
6	IC 31-9-2-115);
7	(3) is released from a juvenile detention facility;
8	(4) is transferred to a community transition program;
9	(5) is placed on parole;
10	(6) is placed on probation;
11	(7) is placed on home detention; or
12	(8) arrives at the place where the sex or violent offender is
13	required to register under subsection (b), (c), or (d);
14	whichever occurs first. A sex or offender, violent offender, or child
15	molester required to register in more than one (1) county under
16	subsection (b), (c), (d), or (e) shall register in each appropriate county
17	not more than seventy-two (72) hours after the sex or offender's,
18	violent offender's, or child molester's arrival in that county or
19	acquisition of real estate in that county.
20	(h) This subsection applies to a sex or offender, violent offender, or
21	child molester who is a sexually violent predator. A sex or offender,
22	violent offender, or child molester who is a sexually violent predator
23	shall register not more than seventy-two (72) hours after the sex or
24	offender, violent offender, or child molester:
25	(1) is released from a penal facility (as defined in IC 35-41-1-21);
26	(2) is released from a secure private facility (as defined in
27	IC 31-9-2-115);
28	(3) is released from a juvenile detention facility;
29	(4) is transferred to a community transition program;
30	(5) is placed on parole;
31	(6) is placed on probation;
32	(7) is placed on home detention; or
33	(8) arrives at the place where the sexually violent predator is
34	required to register under subsection (b), (c), or (d);
35	whichever occurs first. A sex or offender, violent offender, or child
36	molester who is a sexually violent predator required to register in more
37	than one (1) county under subsection (b), (c), (d), or (e) shall register
38	in each appropriate county not more than seventy-two (72) hours after
39	the offender's arrival in that county or acquisition of real estate in that
40	county.
41	(i) The local law enforcement authority with whom a sex or
12	offender violent offender or child molester registers under this



section shall make and publish a photograph of the sex or offender,
violent offender, or child molester on the Indiana sex and offender,
violent offender, and child molester registry web site established
under IC 36-2-13-5.5. The local law enforcement authority shall make
a photograph of the sex or offender, violent offender, or child
molester that complies with the requirements of IC 36-2-13-5.5 at least
once per year. The sheriff of a county containing a consolidated city
shall provide the police chief of the consolidated city with all
photographic and computer equipment necessary to enable the police
chief of the consolidated city to transmit sex or offender, violent
offender, or child molester photographs (and other identifying
information required by IC 36-2-13-5.5) to the Indiana sex and violent
offender registry web site established under IC 36-2-13-5.5. In
addition, the sheriff of a county containing a consolidated city shall
provide all funding for the county's financial obligation for the
establishment and maintenance of the Indiana sex and offender,
violent offender, and child molester registry web site established
under IC 36-2-13-5.5.

- (j) When a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester registers, the local law enforcement authority shall:
 - (1) immediately update the Indiana sex and offender, violent offender, and child molester registry web site established under IC 36-2-13-5.5;
 - (2) notify every law enforcement agency having jurisdiction in the county where the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester resides; and
 - (3) update the National Crime Information Center National Sex Offender Registry data base via the Indiana data and communications system (IDACS).

When a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester from a jurisdiction outside Indiana registers a change of address, electronic mail address, instant messaging username, electronic chat room username, social networking web site username, employment, vocation, or enrollment in Indiana, the local law enforcement authority shall provide the department with the information provided by the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester during registration.

SECTION 12. IC 11-8-8-8, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2008, SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 8. (a) The registration required under this chapter must include the following information:

(1) The sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's full name, alias, any name by which the sex or offender, violent







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1	offender, or child molester was previously known, date of birth,	
2	sex, race, height, weight, hair color, eye color, any scars, marks,	
3	or tattoos, Social Security number, driver's license number or state	
4	identification card number, vehicle description and vehicle plate	
5	number for any vehicle the sex or offender, violent offender, or	
6	child molester owns or operates on a regular basis, principal	
7	residence address, other address where the sex or offender,	
8	violent offender, or child molester spends more than seven (7)	
9	nights in a fourteen (14) day period, and mailing address, if	
0	different from the sex or offender, violent offender, or child	
1	molester principal residence address.	
2	(2) A description of the offense for which the sex or offender,	
3	violent offender, or child molester was convicted, the date of	
4	conviction, the county of the conviction, the cause number of the	
5	conviction, and the sentence imposed, if applicable.	
6	(3) If the person is required to register under section 7(a)(2) or	
7	7(a)(3) of this chapter, the name and address of each of the sex or	
8	offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's employers in	
9	Indiana, the name and address of each campus or location where	
20	the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is	
21	enrolled in school in Indiana, and the address where the sex or	
22	offender, violent offender, or child molester stays or intends to	
23	stay while in Indiana.	
24	(4) A recent photograph of the sex or offender, violent offender,	
25	or child molester.	
26	(5) If the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is	
27	a sexually violent predator, that the sex or offender, violent	
28	offender, or child molester is a sexually violent predator.	
29	(6) If the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is	
0	required to register for life, that the sex or offender, violent	
1	offender, or child molester is required to register for life.	
32	(7) Any electronic mail address, instant messaging username,	
3	electronic chat room username, or social networking web site	
34	username that the sex or offender, violent offender, or child	
55	molester uses or intends to use.	
66	(8) Any other information required by the department.	
37	(b) If the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester	
8	registers any information under subsection (a)(7), the offender shall	
9	sign a consent form authorizing the:	
10	(1) search of the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child	
L1	molester's personal computer or device with Internet capability	



at any time; and

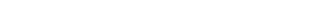
(2) installation on the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or
child molester's personal computer or device with Internet
capability, at the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child
molester's expense, of hardware or software to monitor the sex or
offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's Internet usage.
SECTION 13. IC 11-8-8-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.3-2008,
SECTION 87, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 9. (a) Not more than seven (7) days before an
Indiana sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who is
required to register under this chapter is scheduled to be released from
a secure private facility (as defined in IC 31-9-2-115), or released from
a juvenile detention facility, an official of the facility shall do the
following:
(1) Orally inform the sex or offender, violent offender, or child
molester of the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child
molester's duty to register under this chapter and require the sex
or offender, violent offender, or child molester to sign a written
statement that the sex or offender, violent offender, or child
molester was orally informed or, if the sex or offender, violent
offender, or child molester refuses to sign the statement, certify
that the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester was
orally informed of the duty to register.
(2) Deliver a form advising the sex or offender, violent offender,
or child molester of the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or
child molester's duty to register under this chapter and require
the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester to sign a
written statement that the sex or offender, violent offender, or
child molester received the written notice or, if the sex or
offender, violent offender, or child molester refuses to sign the
statement, certify that the sex or offender, violent offender, or
child molester was given the written notice of the duty to
register.
(3) Obtain the address where the sex or offender, violent
offender, or child molester expects to reside after the sex or
offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's release.
(4) Transmit to the local law enforcement authority in the county
where the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester
expects to reside the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child
molester's name, date of release or transfer, new address, and the











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offense or delinquent act committed by the sex or offender,

(b) Not more than seventy-two (72) hours after a sex or offender,

violent offender, or child molester.



1	violent offender, or child molester who is required to register under
2	this chapter is released or transferred as described in subsection (a), an
3	official of the facility shall transmit to the state police the following:
4	(1) The sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's
5	fingerprints, photograph, and identification factors.
6	(2) The address where the sex or offender, violent offender, or
7	child molester expects to reside after the sex or offender's,
8	violent offender's, or child molester's release.
9	(3) The complete criminal history data (as defined in
10	IC 10-13-3-5) or, if the sex or offender, violent offender, or child
11	molester committed a delinquent act, juvenile history data (as
12	defined in IC 10-13-4-4) of the sex or offender, violent offender,
13	or child molester.
14	(4) Information regarding the sex or offender's, violent
15	offender's, or child molester's past treatment for mental
16	disorders.
17	(5) Information as to whether the sex or offender, violent
18	offender, or child molester has been determined to be a sexually
19	violent predator.
20	(c) This subsection applies if a sex or violent offender is placed on
21	probation or in a community corrections program without being
22	confined in a penal facility. The probation office serving the court in
23	which the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is
24	sentenced shall perform the duties required under subsections (a) and
25	(b).
26	(d) For any sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester
27	who is not committed to the department, the probation office of the
28	sentencing court shall transmit to the department a copy of:
29	(1) the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's:
30	(A) sentencing order; and
31	(B) presentence investigation; and
32	(2) any other information required by the department to make a
33	determination concerning sex or offender, violent offender, or
34	child molester registration.
35	SECTION 14. IC 11-8-8-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2008,
36	SECTION 7, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
37	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 11. (a) If a sex or offender, violent offender, or
38	child molester who is required to register under this chapter changes:
39	(1) principal residence address; or
40	(2) if section $7(a)(2)$ or $7(a)(3)$ of this chapter applies, the place
41	where the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester
42	stays in Indiana;



the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester shall report in person to the local law enforcement authority having jurisdiction over the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's current principal address or location and, if the offender moves to a new county in Indiana, to the local law enforcement authority having jurisdiction over the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's new principal address or location not more than seventy-two (72) hours after the address change.

(b) If a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester moves to a new county in Indiana, the local law enforcement authority where the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's current principal residence address is located shall inform the local law enforcement authority in the new county in Indiana of the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's residence and forward all relevant registration information concerning the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester to the local law enforcement authority in the new county. The local law enforcement authority receiving notice under this subsection shall verify the address of the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester under section 13 of this chapter not more than seven (7) days after receiving the notice.

(c) If a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who is required to register under section 7(a)(2) or 7(a)(3) of this chapter changes the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's principal place of employment, principal place of vocation, or campus or location where the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is enrolled in school, the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester shall report in person:

(1) to the local law enforcement authority having jurisdiction over the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's current principal place of employment, principal place of vocation, or campus or location where the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is enrolled in school; and

(2) if the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester changes the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's place of employment, vocation, or enrollment to a new county in Indiana, to the local law enforcement authority having jurisdiction over the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's new principal place of employment, principal place of vocation, or campus or location where the sex or violent offender is enrolled in school;

not more than seventy-two (72) hours after the change.



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1	(d) If a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester moves
2	the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's place of
3	employment, vocation, or enrollment to a new county in Indiana, the
4	local law enforcement authority having jurisdiction over the sex or
5	offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's current principal
6	place of employment, principal place of vocation, or campus or
7	location where the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester
8	is enrolled in school shall inform the local law enforcement authority
9	in the new county of the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child
10	molester's new principal place of employment, vocation, or enrollment
11	by forwarding relevant registration information to the local law
12	enforcement authority in the new county.
13	(e) If a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester moves
14	the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's residence,
15	place of employment, vocation, or enrollment to a new state, the local
16	law enforcement authority shall inform the state police in the new state
17	of the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's new
18	place of residence, employment, vocation, or enrollment.
19	(f) If a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who is
20	required to register under this chapter changes or obtains a new:
21	(1) electronic mail address:

- (1) electronic mail address;
- (2) instant messaging username;
- (3) electronic chat room username; or
- (4) social networking web site username;
- the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester shall report in person to the local law enforcement authority having jurisdiction over the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's current principal address or location and shall provide the local law enforcement authority with the new address or username not more than seventy-two (72) hours after the change or creation of the address or username.
- (g) A local law enforcement authority shall make registration information, including information concerning the duty to register and the penalty for failing to register, available to a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester.
- (h) A local law enforcement authority who is notified of a change under subsection (a), (c), or (f) shall:
 - (1) immediately update the Indiana sex and offender, violent offender, and child molester registry web site established under IC 36-2-13-5.5;
 - (2) update the National Crime Information Center National Sex Offender Registry data base via the Indiana data and



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1	communications system (IDACS); and
2	(3) notify the department.
3	(i) If a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who is
4	registered with a local law enforcement authority becomes
5	incarcerated, the local law enforcement authority shall transmit a copy
6	of the information provided by the sex or offender, violent offender, or
7	child molester during registration to the department.
8	(j) If a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is no
9	longer required to register due to the expiration of the registration
10	period, the local law enforcement authority shall transmit a copy of the
11	information provided by the sex or offender, violent offender, or child
12	molester during registration to the department.
13	SECTION 15. IC 11-8-8-12, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,
14	SECTION 20, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 12. (a) As used in this section, "temporary
16	residence" means a residence:
17	(1) that is established to provide transitional housing for a person
18	without another residence; and
19	(2) in which a person is not typically permitted to reside for more
20	than thirty (30) days in a sixty (60) day period.
21	(b) This section applies only to a sex or offender, violent offender,
22	or child molester who resides in a temporary residence. In addition to
23	the other requirements of this chapter, a sex or offender, violent
24	offender, or child molester who resides in a temporary residence shall
25	register in person with the local law enforcement authority in which the
26	temporary residence is located:
27	(1) not more than seventy-two (72) hours after the sex or
28	offender, violent offender, or child molester moves into the
29	temporary residence; and
30	(2) during the period in which the sex or violent offender resides
31	in a temporary residence, at least once every seven (7) days
32	following the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child
33	molester's initial registration under subdivision (1).
34	(c) A sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who does
35	not have a principal residence or temporary residence shall report in
36	person to the local law enforcement authority in the county where the
37	sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester resides at least
38	once every seven (7) days to report an address for the location where
39	the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester will stay
40	during the time in which the sex or violent offender lacks a principal
41	address or temporary residence.

(d) A sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's



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1	obligation to register in person once every seven (7) days terminates
2	when the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester no
3	longer resides in the temporary residence or location described in
4	subsection (c). However, all other requirements imposed on a sex or
5	offender, violent offender, or child molester by this chapter continue
6	in force, including the requirement that a sex or offender, violent
7	offender, or child molester register the sex or offender's, violent
8	offender's, or child molester's new address with the local law
9	enforcement authority.
.0	SECTION 16. IC 11-8-8-13, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,
1	SECTION 21, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
2	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 13. (a) To verify a sex or offender's, violent
.3	offender's, or child molester's current residence, the local law
4	enforcement authority having jurisdiction over the area of the sex or
.5	offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's current principal
6	address or location shall do the following:
.7	(1) Mail a form that is approved or prescribed by the department
. 8	to each sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester in the
9	county at the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child
20	molester's listed address at least one (1) time per year, beginning
21	seven (7) days after the local law enforcement authority receives
22	a notice under section 11 or 20 of this chapter or the date the sex
23	or offender, violent offender, or child molester is:
24	(A) released from a penal facility (as defined in
2.5	IC 35-41-1-21), a secure private facility (as defined in
26	IC 31-9-2-115), or a juvenile detention facility;
27	(B) placed in a community transition program;
28	(C) placed in a community corrections program;
29	(D) placed on parole; or
0	(E) placed on probation;
1	whichever occurs first.
32	(2) Mail a form that is approved or prescribed by the department
33	to each sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who
34	is designated a sexually violent predator under IC 35-38-1-7.5 at
35	least once every ninety (90) days, beginning seven (7) days after
66	the local law enforcement authority receives a notice under
57	section 11 or 20 of this chapter or the date the sex or offender,
88	violent offender, or child molester is:
19	(A) released from a penal facility (as defined in
10	IC 35-41-1-21), a secure private facility (as defined in

IC 31-9-2-115), or a juvenile detention facility;

(B) placed in a community transition program;



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1	(C) placed in a community corrections program;	
2	(D) placed on parole; or	
3	(E) placed on probation;	
4	whichever occurs first.	
5	(3) Personally visit each sex or offender, violent offender, or	
6	child molester in the county at the sex or offender's, violent	
7	offender's, or child molester's listed address at least one (1) time	
8	per year, beginning seven (7) days after the local law enforcement	
9	authority receives a notice under section 7 of this chapter or the	
10	date the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is:	4
11	(A) released from a penal facility (as defined in	
12	IC 35-41-1-21), a secure private facility (as defined in	
13	IC 31-9-2-115), or a juvenile detention facility;	
14	(B) placed in a community transition program;	
15	(C) placed in a community corrections program;	_
16	(D) placed on parole; or	4
17	(E) placed on probation;	
18	whichever occurs first.	
19	(4) Personally visit each sex or offender, violent offender, or	
20	child molester who is designated a sexually violent predator	
21	under IC 35-38-1-7.5 at least once every ninety (90) days,	
22	beginning seven (7) days after the local law enforcement authority	
23	receives a notice under section 7 of this chapter or the date the sex	
24	or offender, violent offender, or child molester is:	
25	(A) released from a penal facility (as defined in	
26	IC 35-41-1-21), a secure private facility (as defined in	_
27	IC 31-9-2-115), or a juvenile detention facility;	T T
28	(B) placed in a community transition program;	
29	(C) placed in a community corrections program;	
30	(D) placed on parole; or	
31	(E) placed on probation;	
32	whichever occurs first.	
33	(b) If a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester fails to	
34	return a signed form either by mail or in person, not later than fourteen	
35	(14) days after mailing, or appears not to reside at the listed address,	
36	the local law enforcement authority shall immediately notify the	
37	department and the prosecuting attorney.	
38	SECTION 17. IC 11-8-8-14, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,	
39	SECTION 22, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
40	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 14. (a) This subsection does not apply to a sex or	
41	offender, violent offender, or child molester who is a sexually violent	
42	predator. In addition to the other requirements of this chapter, a sex or	



1	offender, violent offender, or child molester who is required to
2	register under this chapter shall, at least one (1) time per calendar year:
3	(1) report in person to the local law enforcement authority;
4	(2) register; and
5	(3) be photographed by the local law enforcement authority;
6	in each location where the offender is required to register.
7	(b) This subsection applies to a sex or offender, violent offender, or
8	child molester who is a sexually violent predator. In addition to the
9	other requirements of this chapter, a sex or offender, violent offender,
10	or child molester who is a sexually violent predator under
11	IC 35-38-1-7.5 shall:
12	(1) report in person to the local law enforcement authority;
13	(2) register; and
14	(3) be photographed by the local law enforcement authority in
15	each location where the sex or offender, violent offender, or
16	child molester is required to register;
17	every ninety (90) days.
18	(c) Each time a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester
19	who claims to be working or attending school registers in person, the
20	sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester shall provide
21	documentation to the local law enforcement authority providing
22	evidence that the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester
23	is still working or attending school at the registered location.
24	SECTION 18. IC 11-8-8-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,
25	SECTION 23, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
26	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 15. (a) A sex or offender, violent offender, or
27	child molester who is a resident of Indiana shall obtain and keep in the
28	sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's possession:
29	(1) a valid Indiana driver's license; or
30	(2) a valid Indiana identification card (as described in
31	IC 9-24-16).
32	(b) A sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester required
33	to register in Indiana who is not a resident of Indiana shall obtain and
34	keep in the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's
35	possession:
36	(1) a valid driver's license issued by the state in which the sex or
37	offender, violent offender, or child molester resides; or
38	(2) a valid state issued identification card issued by the state in
39	which the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester
40	resides.
41	(c) A person who knowingly or intentionally violates this section
	(c) A person who knowingly of intentionally violates this section



1	molester to possess identification, a Class A misdemeanor. However,
2	the offense is a Class D felony if the person:
3	(1) is a sexually violent predator; or
4	(2) has a prior unrelated conviction:
5	(A) under this section; or
6	(B) based on the person's failure to comply with any
7	requirement imposed on an offender under this chapter.
8	(d) It is a defense to a prosecution under this section that:
9	(1) the person has been unable to obtain a valid driver's license or
10	state issued identification card because less than thirty (30) days
11	have passed since the person's release from incarceration; or
12	(2) the person possesses a driver's license or state issued
13	identification card that expired not more than thirty (30) days
14	before the date the person violated subsection (a) or (b).
15	SECTION 19. IC 11-8-8-16, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,
16	SECTION 24, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
17	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 16. (a) A sex or offender, violent offender, or
18	child molester who is required to register under this chapter may not
19	petition for a change of name under IC 34-28-2.
20	(b) If a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who is
21	required to register under this chapter changes the sex or offender's,
22	violent offender's, or child molester's name due to marriage, the sex
23	or violent offender must register with the local law enforcement
24	authority not more than seven (7) days after the name change.
25	SECTION 20. IC 11-8-8-17, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,
26	SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 17. (a) A sex or offender, violent offender, or
28	child molester who knowingly or intentionally:
29	(1) fails to register when required to register under this chapter;
30	(2) fails to register in every location where the sex or offender,
31	violent offender, or child molester is required to register under
32	this chapter;
33	(3) makes a material misstatement or omission while registering
34	as a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester under
35	this chapter;
36	(4) fails to register in person as required under this chapter; or
37	(5) does not reside at the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or
38	child molester's registered address or location;
39	commits a Class D felony.
40	(b) The offense described in subsection (a) is a Class C felony if the
41	sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester has a prior
42	unrelated conviction for an offense:



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1	(1) under this section; or	
2 3	(2) based on the person's failure to comply with any requirement imposed on a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester	
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4 5	under this chapter or under IC 5-2-12 before its repeal. (c) It is not a defense to a prosecution under this section that the sex	
_	or offender, violent offender, or child molester was unable to pay the	
6 7	sex or violent offender registration fee or the sex or offender, violent	
8	offender, or child molester address change fee described under	
9	IC 36-2-13-5.6.	
.0	SECTION 21. IC 11-8-8-18, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,	
1	SECTION 21. IC 11-8-8-16, AS AMENDED BY 1.E.216-2007, SECTION 26, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
2	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 18. (a) A sexually violent predator who will be	,
.3	absent from the sexually violent predator's principal residence for more	
.4	than seventy-two (72) hours shall inform the local law enforcement	
.5	authority in the county where the sexually violent predator's principal	
.6	address is located, in person, of the following:	
7	(1) That the sexually violent predator will be absent from the	
. 8	sexually violent predator's principal residence for more than	
9	seventy-two (72) hours.	
20	(2) The location where the sexually violent predator will be	
21	located during the absence from the sexually violent predator's	i
22	principal residence.	
23	(3) The length of time the sexually violent predator will be absent	
24	from the sexually violent predator's principal residence.	
25	(b) A sexually violent predator who will spend more than	
26	seventy-two (72) hours in a county in which the sexually violent	
27	predator is not required to register shall inform the local law	1
28	enforcement authority in the county in which the sexually violent	
29	predator is not required to register, in person, of the following:	1
0	(1) That the sexually violent predator will spend more than	
31	seventy-two (72) hours in the county.	
32	(2) The location where the sexually violent predator will be	
33	located while spending time in the county.	
34	(3) The length of time the sexually violent predator will remain in	
35	the county.	
66	Upon request of the local law enforcement authority of the county in	
37	which the sexually violent predator is not required to register, the	
8	sexually violent predator shall provide the local law enforcement	
19	authority with any additional information that will assist the local law	
10	enforcement authority in determining the sexually violent predator's	
1	whereabouts during the sexually violent predator's stay in the county.	
12	(c) A sexually violent predator who knowingly or intentionally	



violates this section commits failure to notify, a Class A misdemeanor. However, the offense is a Class D felony if the person has a prior unrelated conviction under this section based on the person's failure to comply with any requirement imposed on a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester under this chapter.

SECTION 22. IC 11-8-8-19, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2008, SECTION 8, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 19. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b) through (e), a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is required to register under this chapter until the expiration of ten (10) years after the date the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester:

- (1) is released from a penal facility (as defined in IC 35-41-1-21) or a secure juvenile detention facility of a state or another jurisdiction;
- (2) is placed in a community transition program;
- (3) is placed in a community corrections program;
- (4) is placed on parole; or
- (5) is placed on probation;

for the sex, or violent, or child molesting offense requiring registration, whichever occurs last. The registration period is tolled during any period that the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is incarcerated. The registration period does not restart if the offender is convicted of a subsequent offense; however, if the subsequent offense is a sex, or violent, or child molesting offense, a new registration period may be imposed in accordance with this chapter. The department shall ensure that an offender who is no longer required to register as a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester is notified that the obligation to register has expired.

- (b) A sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who is a sexually violent predator is required to register for life.
- (c) A sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who is convicted of at least one (1) offense under section 5(a) of this chapter that the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester committed:
 - (1) when the person was at least eighteen (18) years of age; and
 - (2) against a victim who was less than twelve (12) years of age at the time of the crime;
- is required to register for life.
- (d) A sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who is convicted of at least one (1) offense under section 5(a) of this chapter in which the sex offender:



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1	(1) proximately caused serious bodily injury or death to the
2	victim;
3	(2) used force or the threat of force against the victim or a
4	member of the victim's family, unless the offense is sexual battery
5	as a Class D felony; or
6	(3) rendered the victim unconscious or otherwise incapable of
7	giving voluntary consent;
8	is required to register for life.
9	(e) A sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester who is
10	convicted of at least two (2) unrelated offenses under section 5(a) of
11	this chapter is required to register for life.
12	(f) A person who is required to register as a sex or offender, violent
13	offender, or child molester in any jurisdiction shall register for the
14	period required by the other jurisdiction or the period described in this
15	section, whichever is longer.
16	SECTION 23. IC 11-8-8-20, AS AMENDED BY P.L.3-2008,
17	SECTION 88, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 20. (a) The department may enter into a compact
19	or agreement with one (1) or more jurisdictions outside Indiana to
20	exchange notifications concerning the change of address, employment,
21	vocation, or enrollment of a sex or offender, violent offender, or child
22	molester between Indiana and the other jurisdiction or the other
23	jurisdiction and Indiana.
24	(b) If the department receives information that a sex or offender,
25	violent offender, or child molester has relocated to Indiana to reside,
26	engage in employment or a vocation, or enroll in school, or that a sex
27	or offender, violent offender, or child molester has been convicted in
28	Indiana but not sentenced to the department, the department shall
29	determine:
30	(1) whether the person is defined as a:
31	(A) sex offender or child molester under IC 11-8-8-4.5; or
32	(B) sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester under
33	IC 11-8-8-5;
34	(2) whether the person is a sexually violent predator under
35	IC 35-38-1-7.5;
36	(3) the period for which the person will be required to register as
37	a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester in Indiana;
38	and
39	(4) any other matter required by law to make a registration
40	determination.
41	(c) After the department has made a determination under subsection
12	(b), the department shall update the sex and offender, violent offender,



1	or child molester registry web site and transmit the department's
2	determination to the local law enforcement authority having
3	jurisdiction over the county where the sex or offender, violent
4	offender, or child molester resides, is employed, and attends school.
5	The department shall transmit:
6	(1) the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's
7	name, date of relocation, and new address (if applicable), the
8	offense or delinquent act committed by the sex or offender,
9	violent offender, or child molester, and any other available
10	descriptive information;
11	(2) whether the sex or offender, violent offender, or child
12	molester is a sexually violent predator;
13	(3) the period for which the sex or offender, violent offender, or
14	child molester will be required to register in Indiana; and
15	(4) anything else required by law to make a registration
16	determination.
17	SECTION 24. IC 11-8-8-21, AS ADDED BY P.L.216-2007,
18	SECTION 29, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
19	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 21. (a) The state sex and offender, violent
20	offender, and child molester administration fund is established to
21	assist the department in carrying out its duties under IC 11-8-2-12.4
22	concerning the Indiana sex and offender, violent offender, and child
23	molester registry. The fund shall be administered by the department.
24	(b) The expenses of administering the fund shall be paid from
25	money in the fund.
26	(c) The fund consists of:
27	(1) grants;
28	(2) donations;
29	(3) appropriations;
30	(4) money from the annual sex or offender, violent offender, or
31	child molester registration fee (IC 36-2-13-5.6(a)(1)(A)); and
32	(5) money from the sex or offender, violent offender, or child
33	molester address change fee (IC 36-2-13-5.6(a)(1)(B)).
34	(d) The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund not
35	currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in the same
36	manner as other public money may be invested.
37	(e) Money in the fund is continually appropriated to carry out the
38	purposes of the fund.
39	SECTION 25. IC 11-8-8-22, AS ADDED BY P.L.216-2007,
40	SECTION 30, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 22. (a) As used in this section, "offender" means

a sex offender or child molester (as defined in section 4.5 of this



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1	chapter) and a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester (as	
2	defined in section 5 of this chapter).	
3	(b) This section applies to an offender required to register under this	
4	chapter if, due to a change in federal or state law after June 30, 2007,	
5	an individual who engaged in the same conduct as the offender:	
6	(1) would not be required to register under this chapter; or	
7	(2) would be required to register under this chapter but under less	
8	restrictive conditions than the offender is required to meet.	
9	(c) A person to whom this section applies may petition a court to:	
10	(1) remove the person's designation as an offender; or	
11	(2) require the person to register under less restrictive conditions.	
12	(d) After receiving a petition under this section, the court may:	
13	(1) summarily dismiss the petition; or	
14	(2) give notice to the prosecuting attorney and set the matter for	
15	hearing.	
16	(e) A court may grant a petition under this section if, following a	
17	hearing, the court makes the following findings:	
18	(1) The law requiring the petitioner to register as an offender has	
19	changed since the date on which the petitioner was initially	
20	required to register.	
21	(2) If the petitioner who was required to register as an offender	
22	before the change in law engaged in the same conduct after the	
23	change in law occurred, the petitioner would:	
24	(A) not be required to register as an offender; or	
25	(B) be required to register as an offender, but under less	
26	restrictive conditions.	
27	(3) If the petitioner seeks relief under this section because a	
28	change in law makes a previously unavailable defense available	
29	to the petitioner, that the petitioner has proved the defense.	
30	The court has the discretion to deny a petition under this section, even	
31	if the court makes the findings under this subsection.	
32	(f) The petitioner has the burden of proof in a hearing under this	
33	section.	
34	(g) If the court grants a petition under this section, the court shall	
35	notify:	
36	(1) the victim of the offense, if applicable;	
37	(2) the department of correction; and	
38	(3) the local law enforcement authority of the county in which the	
39	petitioner resides.	
40	SECTION 26. IC 11-13-3-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.46-2008,	
41	SECTION 1, AND AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2008, SECTION 10,	
42	IS CORRECTED AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS	



1	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 4. (a) A condition to remaining on
2	parole is that the parolee not commit a crime during the period of
3	parole.
4	(b) The parole board may also adopt, under IC 4-22-2, additional
5	conditions to remaining on parole and require a parolee to satisfy one
6	(1) or more of these conditions. These conditions must be reasonably
7	related to the parolee's successful reintegration into the community and
8	not unduly restrictive of a fundamental right.
9	(c) If a person is released on parole, the parolee shall be given a
10	written statement of the conditions of parole. Signed copies of this
11	statement shall be:
12	(1) retained by the parolee;
13	(2) forwarded to any person charged with the parolee's
14	supervision; and
15	(3) placed in the parolee's master file.
16	(d) The parole board may modify parole conditions if the parolee
17	receives notice of that action and had ten (10) days after receipt of the
18	notice to express the parolee's views on the proposed modification.
19	This subsection does not apply to modification of parole conditions
20	after a revocation proceeding under section 10 of this chapter.
21	(e) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the
22	parolee to reside in a particular parole area. In determining a parolee's
23	residence requirement, the parole board shall:
24	(1) consider:
25	(A) the residence of the parolee prior to the parolee's
26	incarceration; and
27	(B) the parolee's place of employment; and
28	(2) assign the parolee to reside in the county where the parolee
29	resided prior to the parolee's incarceration unless assignment on
30	this basis would be detrimental to the parolee's successful
31	reintegration into the community.
32	(f) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require the
33	parolee to:
34	(1) periodically undergo a laboratory chemical test (as defined in
35	IC 14-15-8-1) or series of tests to detect and confirm the presence
36	of a controlled substance (as defined in IC 35-48-1-9); and
37	(2) have the results of any test under this subsection reported to
38	the parole board by the laboratory.
39	The parolee is responsible for any charges resulting from a test
40	required under this subsection. However, a person's parole may not be
41	revoked on the basis of the person's inability to pay for a test under this



subsection.

1	(a) A = = = 1:4: = = = f = = = 1 = 41 = = = = 1 = 1 = = = 1.	
1	(g) As a condition of parole, the parole board:	
2	(1) may require a parolee who is a sex offender or child molester	
<i>3</i>	(as defined in IC 11-8-8-4.5) to:	
5	(A) participate in a treatment program for sex offenders approved by the parole board; and	
6		
7	(B) avoid contact with any person who is less than sixteen (16) years of age unless the parolee:	
8	(i) receives the parole board's approval; or	
9	(ii) successfully completes the treatment program referred to	
10	in clause (A); and	4
11	(2) shall:	
12	(A) require a parolee who is a sex or offender, violent	
13	offender, or child molester (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5) to	
14	register with a local law enforcement authority under	
15	IC 11-8-8;	
16	(B) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender from residing	4
17	within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property (as defined	
18	in IC 35-41-1-24.7) for the period of parole, unless the sex	
19	offender obtains written approval from the parole board;	
20	(C) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender convicted of a sex	
21	offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) from residing within	
22	one (1) mile of the victim of the sex offender's sex offense	
23	unless the sex offender obtains a waiver under IC 35-38-2-2.5;	
24	and	
25	(D) prohibit a parolee who is a sex offender from owning,	
26	operating, managing, being employed by, or volunteering at	
27	any attraction designed to be primarily enjoyed by children	\
28	less than sixteen (16) years of age;	
29	(E) require a parolee who is a sex offender to consent:	
30	(i) to the search of the sex offender's personal computer at	
31	any time; and	
32	(ii) to the installation on the sex offender's personal	
33	computer or device with Internet capability, at the sex	
34	offender's expense, of one (1) or more hardware or software	
35	systems to monitor Internet usage; and	
36	(F) prohibit the sex offender from:	
37	(i) accessing or using certain web sites, chat rooms, or	
38	instant messaging programs frequented by children; and	
39	(ii) deleting, erasing, or tampering with information on the	
40	sex offender's personal computer with intent to conceal an	
41	activity prohibited by item (i).	
42	The parole board may not grant a sexually violent predator (as defined	



1	in IC 35-38-1-7.5) or a sex offender who is an offender against children
2	under IC 35-42-4-11 a waiver under subdivision (2)(B) or (2)(C). If the
3	parole board allows the sex offender to reside within one thousand
4	(1,000) feet of school property under subdivision (2)(B), the parole
5	board shall notify each school within one thousand (1,000) feet of the
6	sex offender's residence of the order.
7	(h) The address of the victim of a parolee who is a sex offender
8	convicted of a sex offense (as defined in IC 35-38-2-2.5) is
9	confidential, even if the sex offender obtains a waiver under
10	IC 35-38-2-2.5.
11	(i) As a condition of parole, the parole board may require a parolee
12	to participate in a reentry court program.
13	(j) As a condition of parole, the parole board:
14	(1) shall require a parolee who is a sexually violent predator
15	under IC 35-38-1-7.5; and
16	(2) may require a parolee who is a sex or offender, violent
17	offender, or child molester (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5);
18	to wear a monitoring device (as described in IC 35-38-2.5-3) that can
19	transmit information twenty-four (24) hours each day regarding a
20	person's precise location.
21	(k) As a condition of parole, the parole board may prohibit, in
22	accordance with IC 35-38-2-2.6, a parolee who has been convicted of
23	stalking from residing within one thousand (1,000) feet of the residence
24	of the victim of the stalking for a period that does not exceed five (5)
25	years.
26	(l) A parolee may be responsible for the reasonable expenses, as
27	determined by the department, of the parolee's participation in a
28	treatment or other program required as a condition of parole under
29	this section. However, a person's parole may not be revoked solely on
30	the basis of the person's inability to pay for a program required as a
31	condition of parole under this section.
32	SECTION 27. IC 31-19-11-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.3-2008,
33	SECTION 238, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
34	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 1. (a) Whenever the court has heard
35	the evidence and finds that:
36	(1) the adoption requested is in the best interest of the child;
37	(2) the petitioner or petitioners for adoption are of sufficient
38	ability to rear the child and furnish suitable support and
39	education;
40	(3) the report of the investigation and recommendation under
41	IC 31-19-8-5 has been filed:

(4) the attorney or agency arranging an adoption has filed with the



1	court an affidavit prepared by the state department of health under
2	IC 31-19-5-16 indicating whether a man is entitled to notice of the
3	adoption because the man has registered with the putative father
4	registry in accordance with IC 31-19-5;
5	(5) proper notice arising under subdivision (4), if notice is
6	necessary, of the adoption has been given;
7	(6) the attorney or agency has filed with the court an affidavit
8	prepared by the state department of health under:
9	(A) IC 31-19-6 indicating whether a record of a paternity
0	determination; or
1	(B) IC 16-37-2-2(g) indicating whether a paternity affidavit
2	executed under IC 16-37-2-2.1;
3	has been filed in relation to the child;
4	(7) proper consent, if consent is necessary, to the adoption has
5	been given;
6	(8) the petitioner for adoption is not prohibited from adopting the
7	child as the result of an inappropriate criminal history described
8	in subsection (c) or (d); and
9	(9) the person, licensed child placing agency, or county office of
20	family and children that has placed the child for adoption has
21	provided the documents and other information required under
22	IC 31-19-17 to the prospective adoptive parents;
23	the court shall grant the petition for adoption and enter an adoption
24	decree.
25	(b) A court may not grant an adoption unless the state department
26	of health's affidavit under IC 31-19-5-16 is filed with the court as
27	provided under subsection (a)(4).
28	(c) A conviction of a felony or a misdemeanor related to the health
29	and safety of a child by a petitioner for adoption is a permissible basis
0	for the court to deny the petition for adoption. In addition, the court
1	may not grant an adoption if a petitioner for adoption has been
32	convicted of any of the felonies described as follows:
3	(1) Murder (IC 35-42-1-1).
4	(2) Causing suicide (IC 35-42-1-2).
55	(3) Assisting suicide (IC 35-42-1-2.5).
6	(4) Voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3).
57	(5) Reckless homicide (IC 35-42-1-5).
8	(6) Battery as a felony (IC 35-42-2-1).
19	(7) Domestic battery (IC 35-42-2-1.3).
10	(8) Aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5).
1	(9) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2).
-2	(10) Criminal confinement (IC 35-42-3-3).



1	(11) A felony sex offense under IC 35-42-4.
2	(12) Carjacking (IC 35-42-5-2).
3	(13) Arson (IC 35-43-1-1).
4	(14) Incest (IC 35-46-1-3).
5	(15) Neglect of a dependent (IC 35-46-1-4(a)(1) and
6	IC 35-46-1-4(a)(2)).
7	(16) Child selling (IC 35-46-1-4(d)).
8	(17) A felony involving a weapon under IC 35-47 or IC 35-47.5.
9	(18) A felony relating to controlled substances under IC 35-48-4.
10	(19) An offense relating to material or a performance that is
11	harmful to minors or obscene under IC 35-49-3.
12	(20) A felony that is substantially equivalent to a felony listed in
13	subdivisions (1) through (19) for which the conviction was
14	entered in another state.
15	However, the court is not prohibited from granting an adoption based
16	upon a felony conviction under subdivision (6), (12), (13), (17), or
17	(18), or its equivalent under subdivision (20), if the offense was not
18	committed within the immediately preceding five (5) year period.
19	(d) A court may not grant an adoption if the petitioner is a sex or
20	offender, violent offender, or child molester (as defined in
21	IC 11-8-8-5).
22	SECTION 28. IC 31-34-1-8.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
23	CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
24	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 8.5. A child is a child in need of
25	services if the child resides in Indiana and before the child becomes
26	eighteen (18) years of age the child:
27	(1) is found to be:
28	(A) a child in need of services; or
29	(B) the equivalent of a child in need of services;
30	in another jurisdiction;
31	(2) commits, in another jurisdiction, an act described in
32	sections 1 through 8 of this chapter that would make the child
33	a child in need of services if the act were committed in
34	Indiana; or
35	(3) is subject to an act or condition described in sections 1
36	through 8 of this chapter that would make the child a child in
37	need of services if the act or condition were to take place in
38	Indiana.
39	SECTION 29. IC 35-33-8-3.5, AS ADDED BY P.L.74-2008,
40	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
41	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 3.5. (a) This section applies only to a sexually
42	violent predator defendant.



1	(b) As used in this section, "sexually violent predator defendant"
2	means a person who:
3	(1) is a sexually violent predator under IC 35-38-1-7.5; and
4	(2) is arrested for or charged with the commission of an offense
5	that would classify the person as a sex or offender, violent
6	offender, or child molester (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5).
7	(c) A court may not admit a:
8	(1) sexually violent predator defendant;
9	(2) person charged with child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3); or
0	(3) person charged with child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6);
1	to bail until the court has conducted a bail hearing in open court.
2	Except as provided in section 6 of this chapter, the court shall conduct
3	a bail hearing not later than forty-eight (48) hours after the person has
4	been arrested, unless exigent circumstances prevent holding the
.5	hearing within forty-eight (48) hours.
6	(d) At the conclusion of the hearing described in subsection (c), the
7	court shall consider whether the factors described in IC 35-33-8-4
8	warrant the imposition of a bail amount that exceeds court or county
9	guidelines, if applicable.
20	SECTION 30. IC 35-38-1-7.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,
2.1	SECTION 37, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
22	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 7.5. (a) As used in this section, "sexually violent
23	predator" means a person who suffers from a mental abnormality or
24	personality disorder that makes the individual likely to repeatedly
25	commit a sex offense (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5.2). The term includes
26	a person convicted in another jurisdiction who is identified as a
27	sexually violent predator under IC 11-8-8-20. The term does not
28	include a person no longer considered a sexually violent predator under
29	subsection (g).
0	(b) A person who:
31	(1) being at least eighteen (18) years of age, commits an offense
32	described in:
3	(A) IC 35-42-4-1;
4	(B) IC 35-42-4-2;
35	(C) IC 35-42-4-3 as a Class A or Class B felony;
66	(D) IC 35-42-4-5(a)(1);
37	(E) IC 35-42-4-5(a)(2);
8	(F) IC 35-42-4-5(a)(3);
9	(G) IC 35-42-4-5(b)(1) as a Class A or Class B felony;
10	(H) IC 35-42-4-5(b)(2);
1	(I) IC 35-42-4-5(b)(3) as a Class A or Class B felony;
12	(J) an attempt or conspiracy to commit a crime listed in



1	clauses (A) through (I); or
2	(K) a crime under the laws of another jurisdiction, including
3	a military court, that is substantially equivalent to any of the
4	offenses listed in clauses (A) through (J);
5	(2) commits a sex offense (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5.2) while
6	having a previous unrelated conviction for a sex offense for which
7	the person is required to register as a sex or offender, violent
8	offender, or child molester under IC 11-8-8;
9	(3) commits a sex offense (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5.2) while
10	having had a previous unrelated adjudication as a delinquent child
11	for an act that would be a sex offense if committed by an adult, if,
12	after considering expert testimony, a court finds by clear and
13	convincing evidence that the person is likely to commit an
14	additional sex offense; or
15	(4) commits a sex offense (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5.2) while
16	having had a previous unrelated adjudication as a delinquent child
17	for an act that would be a sex offense if committed by an adult, if
18	the person was required to register as a sex or violent offender
19	under IC 11-8-8-5(b)(2);
20	is a sexually violent predator. Except as provided in subsection (g) or
21	(h), a person is a sexually violent predator by operation of law if an
22	offense committed by the person satisfies the conditions set forth in
23	subdivision (1) or (2) and the person was released from incarceration,
24	secure detention, or probation for the offense after June 30, 1994.
25	(c) This section applies whenever a court sentences a person or a
26	juvenile court issues a dispositional decree for a sex offense (as defined
27	in IC 11-8-8-5.2) for which the person is required to register with the
28	local law enforcement authority under IC 11-8-8.
29	(d) At the sentencing hearing, the court shall indicate on the record
30	whether the person has been convicted of an offense that makes the
31	person a sexually violent predator under subsection (b).
32	(e) If a person is not a sexually violent predator under subsection
33	(b), the prosecuting attorney may request the court to conduct a hearing
34	to determine whether the person (including a child adjudicated to be a
35	delinquent child) is a sexually violent predator under subsection (a). If
36	the court grants the motion, the court shall appoint two (2)
37	psychologists or psychiatrists who have expertise in criminal
38	behavioral disorders to evaluate the person and testify at the hearing.
39	After conducting the hearing and considering the testimony of the two
40	(2) psychologists or psychiatrists, the court shall determine whether the
41	person is a sexually violent predator under subsection (a). A hearing

conducted under this subsection may be combined with the person's



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1	sentencing hearing.
2	(f) If a person is a sexually violent predator:
3	(1) the person is required to register with the local law
4	enforcement authority as provided in IC 11-8-8; and
5	(2) the court shall send notice to the department of correction.
6	(g) This subsection does not apply to a person who has two (2) or
7	more unrelated convictions for an offense described in IC 11-8-8-4.5
8	for which the person is required to register under IC 11-8-8. A person
9	who is a sexually violent predator may petition the court to consider
10	whether the person should no longer be considered a sexually violent
11	predator. The person may file a petition under this subsection not
12	earlier than ten (10) years after:
13	(1) the sentencing court or juvenile court makes its determination
14	under subsection (e); or
15	(2) the person is released from incarceration or secure detention.
16	A person may file a petition under this subsection not more than one
17	(1) time per year. A court may dismiss a petition filed under this
18	subsection or conduct a hearing to determine if the person should no
19	longer be considered a sexually violent predator. If the court conducts
20	a hearing, the court shall appoint two (2) psychologists or psychiatrists
21	who have expertise in criminal behavioral disorders to evaluate the
22	person and testify at the hearing. After conducting the hearing and
23	considering the testimony of the two (2) psychologists or psychiatrists,
24	the court shall determine whether the person should no longer be
25	considered a sexually violent predator under subsection (a). If a court
26	finds that the person should no longer be considered a sexually violent
27	predator, the court shall send notice to the department of correction that
28	the person is no longer considered a sexually violent predator.
29	Notwithstanding any other law, a condition imposed on a person due
30	to the person's status as a sexually violent predator, including lifetime
31	parole or GPS monitoring, does not apply to a person no longer
32	considered a sexually violent predator.
33	(h) A person is not a sexually violent predator by operation of law
34	under subsection (b)(1) if all of the following conditions are met:
35 36	(1) The victim was not less than twelve (12) years of age at the time the offense was committed.
37 38	(2) The person is not more than four (4) years older than the
50	victim.

(3) The relationship between the person and the victim was a

dating relationship or an ongoing personal relationship. The term

"ongoing personal relationship" does not include a family



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relationship.

1	(4) The offense committed by the person was not any of the	
2	following:	
3	(A) Rape (IC 35-42-4-1).	
4	(B) Criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2).	
5	(C) An offense committed by using or threatening the use of	
6	deadly force or while armed with a deadly weapon.	
7	(D) An offense that results in serious bodily injury.	
8	(E) An offense that is facilitated by furnishing the victim,	
9	without the victim's knowledge, with a drug (as defined in	
10	IC 16-42-19-2(1)) or a controlled substance (as defined in	1
11	IC 35-48-1-9) or knowing that the victim was furnished with	
12	the drug or controlled substance without the victim's	
13	knowledge.	
14	(5) The person has not committed another sex offense (as defined	
15	in IC 11-8-8-5.2) (including a delinquent act that would be a sex	
16	offense if committed by an adult) against any other person.	4
17	(6) The person did not have a position of authority or substantial	•
18	influence over the victim.	
19	(7) The court finds that the person should not be considered a	
20	sexually violent predator.	
21	SECTION 31. IC 35-38-2-2.2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.119-2008,	
22	SECTION 16, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
23	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 2.2. As a condition of probation for a sex offender	
24	or child molester (as defined in IC 11-8-8-4.5), the court shall:	
25	(1) require the sex offender or child molester to register with the	
26	local law enforcement authority under IC 11-8-8;	_
27	(2) prohibit the sex offender or child molester from residing	\
28	within one thousand (1,000) feet of school property (as defined in	
29	IC 35-41-1-24.7), as measured from the property line of the sex	1
30	offender's or child molester's residence to the property line of the	
31	school property, for the period of probation, unless the sex	
32	offender or child molester obtains written approval from the	
33	court;	
34	(3) require the sex offender or child molester to consent:	
35	(A) to the search of the sex offender's or child molester's	
36	personal computer at any time; and	
37	(B) to the installation on the sex offender's or child molester's	
38	personal computer or device with Internet capability, at the sex	
39	offender's or child molester's expense, of one (1) or more	
40	hardware or software systems to monitor Internet usage; and	
41	(4) prohibit the sex offender or child molester from:	
42	(A) accessing or using certain web sites, chat rooms, or instant	



1	messaging programs frequented by children; and
2	(B) deleting, erasing, or tampering with information on the sex
3	offender's or child molester's personal computer with intent
4	to conceal an activity prohibited by clause (A).
5	If the court allows the sex offender or child molester to reside within
6	one thousand (1,000) feet of school property under subdivision (2), the
7	court shall notify each school within one thousand (1,000) feet of the
8	sex offender's or child molester's residence of the order. However, a
9	court may not allow a sex offender or child molester who is a sexually
10	violent predator (as defined in IC 35-38-1-7.5) or an offender against
11	children under IC 35-42-4-11 to reside within one thousand (1,000)
12	feet of school property.
13	SECTION 32. IC 35-38-2-2.4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.173-2006,
14	SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
15	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 2.4. As a condition of probation, the court may
16	require a sex offender, violent offender, or child molester (as defined
17	in IC 11-8-8-5) to:
18	(1) participate in a treatment program for sex offenders approved
19	by the court; and
20	(2) avoid contact with any person who is less than sixteen (16)
21	years of age unless the probationer:
22	(A) receives the court's approval; or
23	(B) successfully completes the treatment program referred to
24	in subdivision (1).
25	SECTION 33. IC 35-42-4-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,
26	SECTION 47, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
27	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 11. (a) As used in this section, and except as
28	provided in subsection (d), "offender against children" means a person
29	required to register as a sex or offender, violent offender, or child
30	molester under IC 11-8-8 who has been:
31	(1) found to be a sexually violent predator under IC 35-38-1-7.5;
32	or
33	(2) convicted of one (1) or more of the following offenses:
34	(A) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).
35	(B) Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4(b)).
36	(C) Child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6).
37	(D) Child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7).
38	(E) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2), if the victim is less than
39	eighteen (18) years of age and the person is not the child's
40	parent or guardian.
41	(F) Attempt to commit or conspiracy to commit an offense
42	listed in clauses (A) through (E).



1	(G) An offense in another jurisdiction that is substantially	
2	similar to an offense described in clauses (A) through (F).	
3	A person is an offender against children by operation of law if the	
4	person meets the conditions described in subdivision (1) or (2) at any	
5	time.	
6	(b) As used in this section, "reside" means to spend more than three	
7	(3) nights in:	
8	(1) a residence; or	
9	(2) if the person does not reside in a residence, a particular	
10	location;	
11	in any thirty (30) day period.	
12	(c) An offender against children who knowingly or intentionally:	
13	(1) resides within one thousand (1,000) feet of:	
14	(A) school property, not including property of an institution	
15	providing post-secondary education;	
16	(B) a youth program center; or	
17	(C) a public park; or	
18	(2) establishes a residence within one (1) mile of the residence of	
19	the victim of the offender's sex offense;	
20	commits a sex offender residency offense, a Class D felony.	
21	(d) This subsection does not apply to an offender against children	
22	who has two (2) or more unrelated convictions for an offense described	
23	in subsection (a). A person who is an offender against children may	
24	petition the court to consider whether the person should no longer be	
25	considered an offender against children. The person may file a petition	
26	under this subsection not earlier than ten (10) years after the person is	
27	released from incarceration, probation, or parole, whichever occurs	
28	last. A person may file a petition under this subsection not more than	
29	one (1) time per year. A court may dismiss a petition filed under this	
30	subsection or conduct a hearing to determine if the person should no	
31	longer be considered an offender against children. If the court conducts	
32	a hearing, the court shall appoint two (2) psychologists or psychiatrists	
33	who have expertise in criminal behavioral disorders to evaluate the	
34	person and testify at the hearing. After conducting the hearing and	
35	considering the testimony of the two (2) psychologists or psychiatrists,	
36	the court shall determine whether the person should no longer be	
37	considered an offender against children. If a court finds that the person	
38	should no longer be considered an offender against children, the court	
39	shall send notice to the department of correction that the person is no	
40	longer considered an offender against children.	
41	SECTION 34. IC 35-42-4-12, AS ADDED BY P.L.119-2008,	
12	SECTION 18, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	



1	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 12. (a) This section does not apply to a person to	
2	whom all of the following apply:	
3	(1) The person is not more than:	
4	(A) four (4) years older than the victim if the offense was	
5	committed after June 30, 2007; or	
6	(B) five (5) years older than the victim if the offense was	
7	committed before July 1, 2007.	
8	(2) The relationship between the person and the victim was a	
9	dating relationship or an ongoing personal relationship. The term	
.0	"ongoing personal relationship" does not include a family	4
1	relationship.	
2	(3) The crime:	`
3	(A) was not committed by a person who is at least twenty-one	
4	(21) years of age;	
.5	(B) was not committed by using or threatening the use of	
.6	deadly force;	4
.7	(C) was not committed while armed with a deadly weapon;	
. 8	(D) did not result in serious bodily injury;	
9	(E) was not facilitated by furnishing the victim, without the	
20	victim's knowledge, with a drug (as defined in	
21	IC 16-42-19-2(1)) or a controlled substance (as defined in	
22	IC 35-48-1-9) or knowing that the victim was furnished with	
23	the drug or controlled substance without the victim's	
24	knowledge; and	
25	(F) was not committed by a person having a position of	
26	authority or substantial influence over the victim.	
27	(b) This section applies only to a person required to register as a sex	
28	or offender, violent offender, or child molester under IC 11-8-8 who	
29 80	has been: (1) found to be a sexually violent predator under IC 35-38-1-7.5;	
51		
52	or (2) convicted of one (1) or more of the following offenses:	
3	(A) Child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3).	
34	(B) Child exploitation (IC 35-42-4-4(b)).	
55	(C) Possession of child pornography (IC 35-42-4-4(c)).	
6	(D) Vicarious sexual gratification (IC 35-42-4-5(a) or	
57	IC 35-42-4-5(b)).	
8	(E) Sexual conduct in the presence of a minor	
9	(IC 35-42-4-5(c)).	
10	(F) Child solicitation (IC 35-42-4-6).	
1	(G) Child seduction (IC 35-42-4-7).	
12	(H) Kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2), if the victim is less than	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	



1	eighteen (18) years of age and the person is not the child's
2	parent or guardian.
3	(I) Attempt to commit or conspiracy to commit an offense
4	listed in clauses (A) through (H).
5	(J) An offense in another jurisdiction that is substantially
6	similar to an offense described in clauses (A) through (H).
7	(c) As used in this section, "instant messaging or chat room
8	program" means a software program that requires a person to register
9	or create an account, a username, or a password to become a member
10	or registered user of the program and allows two (2) or more members
11	or authorized users to communicate over the Internet in real time using
12	typed text. The term does not include an electronic mail program or
13	message board program.
14	(d) As used in this section, "social networking web site" means an
15	Internet web site that:
16	(1) facilitates the social introduction between two (2) or more
17	persons;
18	(2) requires a person to register or create an account, a username,
19	or a password to become a member of the web site and to
20	communicate with other members;
21	(3) allows a member to create a web page or a personal profile;
22	and
23	(4) provides a member with the opportunity to communicate with
24	another person.
25	The term does not include an electronic mail program or message
26	board program.
27	(e) A person described in subsection (b) who knowingly or
28	intentionally uses:
29	(1) a social networking web site; or
30	(2) an instant messaging or chat room program;
31	that the offender knows allows a person who is less than eighteen (18)
32	years of age to access or use the web site or program commits a sex
33	offender Internet offense, a Class A misdemeanor. However, the
34	offense is a Class D felony if the person has a prior unrelated
35	conviction under this section.
36	(f) It is a defense to a prosecution under this section that the person:
37	(1) did not know that the web site or program allowed a person
38	who is less than eighteen (18) years of age to access or use the
39	web site or program; and
40	(2) upon discovering that the web site or program allows a person
41	who is less than eighteen (18) years of age to access or use the
42	web site or program, immediately ceased further use or access of



1	the web site or program.	
2	SECTION 35. IC 35-43-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,	
3	SECTION 48, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
4	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 2. (a) A person who:	
5	(1) recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally damages or defaces	
6	property of another person without the other person's consent; or	
7	(2) knowingly or intentionally causes another to suffer pecuniary	
8	loss by deception or by an expression of intention to injure	
9	another person or to damage the property or to impair the rights	
10	of another person;	
11	commits criminal mischief, a Class B misdemeanor. However, the	
12	offense is:	
13	(A) a Class A misdemeanor if:	
14	(i) the pecuniary loss is at least two hundred fifty dollars	
15	(\$250) but less than two thousand five hundred dollars	_
16	(\$2,500);	
17	(ii) the property damaged was a moving motor vehicle;	
18	(iii) the property damaged contained data relating to a	
19	person required to register as a sex or offender, violent	
20	offender, or child molester under IC 11-8-8 and the person	
21	is not a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester	
22	or was not required to register as a sex or offender, violent	
23	offender, or child molester;	
24	(iv) the property damaged was a locomotive, a railroad car,	_
25	a train, or equipment of a railroad company being operated	
26	on a railroad right-of-way;	_
27	(v) the property damaged was a part of any railroad signal	
28	system, train control system, centralized dispatching system,	
29	or highway railroad grade crossing warning signal on a	
30	railroad right-of-way owned, leased, or operated by a	
31	railroad company;	
32	(vi) the property damaged was any rail, switch, roadbed,	
33	viaduct, bridge, trestle, culvert, or embankment on a	
34	right-of-way owned, leased, or operated by a railroad	
35	company; or	
36	(vii) the property damage or defacement was caused by paint	
37	or other markings; and	
38	(B) a Class D felony if:	
39	(i) the pecuniary loss is at least two thousand five hundred	
40	dollars (\$2,500);	
41	(ii) the damage causes a substantial interruption or	
12	impairment of utility service rendered to the public;	



1	(iii) the damage is to a public record;	
2	(iv) the property damaged contained data relating to a	
3	person required to register as a sex or offender, violent	
4	offender, or child molester under IC 11-8-8 and the person	
5	is a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester or	
6	was required to register as a sex or offender, violent	
7	offender, or child molester;	
8	(v) the damage causes substantial interruption or impairment	
9	of work conducted in a scientific research facility;	
10	(vi) the damage is to a law enforcement animal (as defined	4
11	in IC 35-46-3-4.5); or	•
12	(vii) the damage causes substantial interruption or	
13	impairment of work conducted in a food processing facility.	
14	(b) A person who recklessly, knowingly, or intentionally damages:	
15	(1) a structure used for religious worship;	
16	(2) a school or community center;	4
17	(3) the grounds:	
18	(A) adjacent to; and	
19	(B) owned or rented in common with;	
20	a structure or facility identified in subdivision (1) or (2); or	
21	(4) personal property contained in a structure or located at a	
22	facility identified in subdivision (1) or (2);	
23	without the consent of the owner, possessor, or occupant of the	
24	property that is damaged, commits institutional criminal mischief, a	_
25	Class A misdemeanor. However, the offense is a Class D felony if the	
26	pecuniary loss is at least two hundred fifty dollars (\$250) but less than	
27	two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500), and a Class C felony if the	
28	pecuniary loss is at least two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500).	'
29	(c) If a person is convicted of an offense under this section that	
30	involves the use of graffiti, the court may, in addition to any other	
31	penalty, order that the person's operator's license be suspended or	
32	invalidated by the bureau of motor vehicles for not more than one (1)	
33	year.	
34	(d) The court may rescind an order for suspension or invalidation	
35	under subsection (c) and allow the person to receive a license or permit	
36	before the period of suspension or invalidation ends if the court	
37	determines that:	
38	(1) the person has removed or painted over the graffiti or has	
39	made other suitable restitution; and	
40	(2) the person who owns the property damaged or defaced by the	
41	criminal mischief or institutional criminal mischief is satisfied	
42	with the removal, painting, or other restitution performed by the	



1	person.
2	SECTION 36. IC 35-50-2-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.64-2008,
3	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
4	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 2. (a) The court may suspend any part of a
5	sentence for a felony, except as provided in this section or in section
6	2.1 of this chapter.
7	(b) Except as provided in subsection (i), with respect to the
8	following crimes listed in this subsection, the court may suspend only
9	that part of the sentence that is in excess of the minimum sentence,
10	unless the court has approved placement of the offender in a forensic
11	diversion program under IC 11-12-3.7:
12	(1) The crime committed was a Class A felony or Class B felony
13	and the person has a prior unrelated felony conviction.
14	(2) The crime committed was a Class C felony and less than seven
15	(7) years have elapsed between the date the person was
16	discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever
17	is later, for a prior unrelated felony conviction and the date the
18	person committed the Class C felony for which the person is
19	being sentenced.
20	(3) The crime committed was a Class D felony and less than three
21	(3) years have elapsed between the date the person was
22	discharged from probation, imprisonment, or parole, whichever
23	is later, for a prior unrelated felony conviction and the date the
24	person committed the Class D felony for which the person is
25	being sentenced. However, the court may suspend the minimum
26	sentence for the crime only if the court orders home detention
27	under IC 35-38-1-21 or IC 35-38-2.5-5 instead of the minimum
28	sentence specified for the crime under this chapter.
29	(4) The felony committed was:
30	(A) murder (IC 35-42-1-1);
31	(B) battery (IC 35-42-2-1) with a deadly weapon or battery
32	causing death;
33	(C) sexual battery (IC 35-42-4-8) with a deadly weapon;
34	(D) kidnapping (IC 35-42-3-2);
35	(E) confinement (IC 35-42-3-3) with a deadly weapon;
36	(F) rape (IC 35-42-4-1) as a Class A felony;
37	(G) criminal deviate conduct (IC 35-42-4-2) as a Class A
38	felony;
39	(H) except as provided in subsection (i), child molesting
40	(IC 35-42-4-3) as a Class A or Class B felony, unless:
41	(i) the felony committed was child molesting as a Class B
42	felony;



1	(ii) the victim was not less than twelve (12) years old at the	
2	time the offense was committed;	
3	(iii) the person is not more than four (4) years older than the	
4	victim, or more than five (5) years older than the victim if	
5	the relationship between the person and the victim was a	
6	dating relationship or an ongoing personal relationship (not	
7	including a family relationship);	
8	(iv) the person did not have a position of authority or	
9	substantial influence over the victim; and	
10	(v) the person has not committed another sex offense (as	
11	defined in IC 11-8-8-5.2) (including a delinquent act that	
12	would be a sex offense if committed by an adult) against any	
13	other person;	
14	(I) robbery (IC 35-42-5-1) resulting in serious bodily injury or	
15	with a deadly weapon;	
16	(J) arson (IC 35-43-1-1) for hire or resulting in serious bodily	
17	injury;	
18	(K) burglary (IC 35-43-2-1) resulting in serious bodily injury	
19	or with a deadly weapon;	
20	(L) resisting law enforcement (IC 35-44-3-3) with a deadly	
21	weapon;	
22	(M) escape (IC 35-44-3-5) with a deadly weapon;	
23	(N) rioting (IC 35-45-1-2) with a deadly weapon;	
24	(O) dealing in cocaine or a narcotic drug (IC 35-48-4-1) if the	
25	court finds the person possessed a firearm (as defined in	
26	IC 35-47-1-5) at the time of the offense, or the person	
27	delivered or intended to deliver to a person under eighteen	,
28	(18) years of age at least three (3) years junior to the person	
29	and was on a school bus or within one thousand (1,000) feet	
30	of:	
31	(i) school property;	
32	(ii) a public park;	
33	(iii) a family housing complex; or	
34	(iv) a youth program center;	
35	(P) dealing in methamphetamine (IC 35-48-4-1.1) if the court	
36	finds the person possessed a firearm (as defined in	
37	IC 35-47-1-5) at the time of the offense, or the person	
38	delivered or intended to deliver the methamphetamine pure or	
39	adulterated to a person under eighteen (18) years of age at	
40	least three (3) years junior to the person and was on a school	
41	bus or within one thousand (1,000) feet of:	
42	(i) school property;	



1	(ii) a public park;	
2	(iii) a family housing complex; or	
3	(iv) a youth program center;	
4	(Q) dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance	
5	(IC 35-48-4-2) if the court finds the person possessed a firearm	
6	(as defined in IC 35-47-1-5) at the time of the offense, or the	
7	person delivered or intended to deliver to a person under	
8	eighteen (18) years of age at least three (3) years junior to the	
9	person and was on a school bus or within one thousand (1,000)	
10	feet of:	
11	(i) school property;	
12	(ii) a public park;	
13	(iii) a family housing complex; or	
14	(iv) a youth program center;	
15	(R) an offense under IC 9-30-5 (operating a vehicle while	
16	intoxicated) and the person who committed the offense has	
17	accumulated at least two (2) prior unrelated convictions under	
18	IC 9-30-5;	
19	(S) an offense under IC 9-30-5-5(b) (operating a vehicle while	
20	intoxicated causing death);	
21	(T) aggravated battery (IC 35-42-2-1.5); or	
22	(U) disarming a law enforcement officer (IC 35-44-3-3.5).	
23	(c) Except as provided in subsection (e), whenever the court	
24	suspends a sentence for a felony, it shall place the person on probation	
25	under IC 35-38-2 for a fixed period to end not later than the date that	
26	the maximum sentence that may be imposed for the felony will expire.	
27	(d) The minimum sentence for a person convicted of voluntary	,
28	manslaughter may not be suspended unless the court finds at the	
29	sentencing hearing that the crime was not committed by means of a	
30	deadly weapon.	
31	(e) Whenever the court suspends that part of the sentence of a sex	
32	or offender, violent offender, or child molester (as defined in	
33	IC 11-8-8-5) that is suspendible under subsection (b), the court shall	
34	place the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester on	
35	probation under IC 35-38-2 for not more than ten (10) years.	
36	(f) An additional term of imprisonment imposed under	
37	IC 35-50-2-11 may not be suspended.	
38	(g) A term of imprisonment imposed under IC 35-47-10-6 or	
39	IC 35-47-10-7 may not be suspended if the commission of the offense	
40	was knowing or intentional.	
41	(h) A term of imprisonment imposed for an offense under	
42	IC 35-48-4-6(b)(1)(B) or IC 35-48-4-6.1(b)(1)(B) may not be	



1	suspended.
2	(i) If a person is:
3	(1) convicted of child molesting (IC 35-42-4-3) as a Class A
4	felony against a victim less than twelve (12) years of age; and
5	(2) at least twenty-one (21) years of age;
6	the court may suspend only that part of the sentence that is in excess of
7	thirty (30) years.
8	SECTION 37. IC 35-50-5-5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
9	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
10	1, 2009]: Sec. 5. In addition to any sentence imposed under this
11	article for a felony, the court may order the person to register as
12	a sex offender, violent offender, or child molester under IC 11-8-8:
13	(1) as a condition for probation; or
14	(2) for not more than five (5) years after being released from
15	the department of correction.
16	SECTION 38. IC 35-50-6-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007,
17	SECTION 51, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
18	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 1. (a) Except as provided in subsection (d) or (e),
19	when a person imprisoned for a felony completes the person's fixed
20	term of imprisonment, less the credit time the person has earned with
21	respect to that term, the person shall be:
22	(1) released on parole for not more than twenty-four (24) months,
23	as determined by the parole board;
24	(2) discharged upon a finding by the committing court that the
25	person was assigned to a community transition program and may
26	be discharged without the requirement of parole; or
27	(3) released to the committing court if the sentence included a
28	period of probation.
29	(b) This subsection does not apply to a person described in
30	subsection (d), (e), or (f). A person released on parole remains on
31	parole from the date of release until the person's fixed term expires,
32	unless the person's parole is revoked or the person is discharged from
33	that term by the parole board. In any event, if the person's parole is not
34	revoked, the parole board shall discharge the person after the period set
35	under subsection (a) or the expiration of the person's fixed term,
36	whichever is shorter.
37	(c) A person whose parole is revoked shall be imprisoned for all or
38	part of the remainder of the person's fixed term. However, the person
39	shall again be released on parole when the person completes that
40	remainder, less the credit time the person has earned since the
41	revocation. The parole board may reinstate the person on parole at any



time after the revocation.

1	(d) This subsection does not apply to a person who is a sexually	
2	violent predator under IC 35-38-1-7.5. When a sex offender or child	
3	molester (as defined in IC 11-8-8-4.5) completes the sex offender's or	
4	child molester's fixed term of imprisonment, less credit time earned	
5	with respect to that term, the sex offender or child molester shall be	
6	placed on parole for not more than ten (10) years.	
7	(e) This subsection applies to a person who:	
8	(1) is a sexually violent predator under IC 35-38-1-7.5;	
9	(2) has been convicted of murder (IC 35-42-1-1); or	
10	(3) has been convicted of voluntary manslaughter (IC 35-42-1-3).	
11	When a person described in this subsection completes the person's	
12	fixed term of imprisonment, less credit time earned with respect to that	
13	term, the person shall be placed on parole for the remainder of the	
14	person's life.	
15	(f) This subsection applies to a parolee in another jurisdiction who	
16	is a person described in subsection (e) and whose parole supervision is	
17	transferred to Indiana from another jurisdiction. In accordance with	
18	IC 11-13-4-1(2) (Interstate Compact for Out-of-State Probationers and	
19	Parolees) and rules adopted under Article VII (d)(8) of the Interstate	
20	Compact for Adult Offender Supervision (IC 11-13-4.5), a parolee who	
21	is a person described in subsection (e) and whose parole supervision is	
22	transferred to Indiana is subject to the same conditions of parole as a	
23	person described in subsection (e) who was convicted in Indiana,	
24	including:	
25	(1) lifetime parole (as described in subsection (e)); and	
26	(2) the requirement that the person wear a monitoring device (as	,
27	described in IC 35-38-2.5-3) that can transmit information	
28	twenty-four (24) hours each day regarding a person's precise	
29	location, if applicable.	
30	(g) If a person being supervised on lifetime parole as described in	
31	subsection (e) is also required to be supervised by a court, a probation	
32	department, a community corrections program, a community transition	
33	program, or another similar program upon the person's release from	
34	imprisonment, the parole board may:	
35	(1) supervise the person while the person is being supervised by	
36	the other supervising agency; or	
37	(2) permit the other supervising agency to exercise all or part of	
38	the parole board's supervisory responsibility during the period in	
39	which the other supervising agency is required to supervise the	
40	person, if supervision by the other supervising agency will be, in	
41	the opinion of the parole board:	
42	(A) at least as stringent; and	



1	(B) at least as effective;
2	as supervision by the parole board.
3	(h) The parole board is not required to supervise a person on
4	lifetime parole during any period in which the person is imprisoned.
5	However, upon the person's release from imprisonment, the parole
6	board shall recommence its supervision of a person on lifetime parole.
7	(i) If a court orders the parole board to place a sexually violent
8	predator whose sentence does not include a commitment to the
9	department of correction on lifetime parole under IC 35-38-1-29, the
10	parole board shall place the sexually violent predator on lifetime parole
11	and supervise the person in the same manner in which the parole board
12	supervises a sexually violent predator on lifetime parole whose
13	sentence includes a commitment to the department of correction.
14	SECTION 39. IC 35-50-6-5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.80-2008,
15	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 5. (a) A person may, with respect to the same
17	transaction, be deprived of any part of the credit time the person has
18	earned for any of the following:
19	(1) A violation of one (1) or more rules of the department of
20	correction.
21	(2) If the person is not committed to the department, a violation
22	of one (1) or more rules of the penal facility in which the person
23	is imprisoned.
24	(3) A violation of one (1) or more rules or conditions of a
25	community transition program.
26	(4) If a court determines that a civil claim brought by the person
27	in a state or an administrative court is frivolous, unreasonable, or
28	groundless.
29	(5) If the person is a sex offender, violent offender, or child
30	molester (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5) and refuses to register before
31	being released from the department as required under
32	IC 11-8-8-7.
33	(6) If the person is a sex offender, violent offender, or child
34	molester (as defined in IC 11-8-8-5) and refuses to participate in
35	a sex offender treatment program specifically offered to the sex
36	offender by the department of correction while the person is
37	serving a period of incarceration with the department of
38	correction.
39	However, the violation of a condition of parole or probation may not be
40	the basis for deprivation. Whenever a person is deprived of credit time,
41	the person may also be reassigned to Class II (if the person is not a

credit restricted felon) or Class III.



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(b) Before a person may be deprived of earned credit time, the person must be granted a hearing to determine the person's guilt o
innocence and, if found guilty, whether deprivation of earned credi
time is an appropriate disciplinary action for the violation. In
connection with the hearing, the person is entitled to the procedura
safeguards listed in section 4(e) of this chapter. The person may waive
the person's right to the hearing.
(c) Any part of the credit time of which a person is deprived unde
this section may be restored.
SECTION 40. IC 36-2-13-5.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.216-2007
SECTION 52, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 5.5. (a) The sheriffs shall jointly establish and
maintain an Indiana sex offender, and violent offender, and child
molester registry web site, known as the Indiana sex offender, and
violent offender, and child molester registry, to inform the genera
public about the identity, location, and appearance of every sex of
offender, violent offender, or child molester residing within Indiana
The web site must provide information regarding each sex or offender
violent offender, or child molester, organized by county of residence
The web site shall be updated at least daily.
(b) The Indiana sex offender, and violent offender, and child
molester registry web site must include the following information:
(1) A recent photograph of every sex or offender, violen
offender, or child molester who has registered with a sheriff afte
the effective date of this chapter.
(2) The home address of every sex or offender, violent offender
or child molester.

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 - (3) The information required under IC 11-8-8-8.
- (c) Every time a sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester registers, but at least once per year, the sheriff shall:
 - (1) photograph the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester; and
 - (2) determine whether the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's fingerprints are on file:
 - (A) in Indiana; or
 - (B) with the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

If it appears that the sex or offender's, violent offender's, or child molester's fingerprints are not on file as described in subdivision (2), the sheriff shall fingerprint the sex or offender, violent offender, or child molester and transmit a copy of the fingerprints to the state police department. The sheriff shall place the photograph described in subdivision (1) on the Indiana sex offender, and violent offender, and









1	child molester registry web site.
2 3	(d) The photograph of a sex or offender, violent offender, or child
<i>3</i>	molester described in subsection (c) must meet the following requirements:
5	(1) The photograph must be full face, front view, with a plain
6	white or off-white background.
7	(2) The image of the offender's face, measured from the bottom
8	of the chin to the top of the head, must fill at least seventy-five
9	percent (75%) of the photograph.
10	(3) The photograph must be in color.
11	(4) The photograph must show the offender dressed in normal
12	street attire, without a hat or headgear that obscures the hair or
13	hairline.
14	(5) If the offender normally and consistently wears prescription
15	glasses, a hearing device, wig, or a similar article, the photograph
16	must show the offender wearing those items. A photograph may
17	not include dark glasses or nonprescription glasses with tinted
18	lenses unless the offender can provide a medical certificate
19	demonstrating that tinted lenses are required for medical reasons.
20	(6) The photograph must have sufficient resolution to permit the
21	offender to be easily identified by a person accessing the Indiana
22	sex offender, and violent offender, and child molester registry
23	web site.
24	(e) The Indiana sex offender, and violent offender, and child
25	molester registry web site may be funded from:
26	(1) the jail commissary fund (IC 36-8-10-21);
27	(2) a grant from the criminal justice institute; and
28	(3) any other source, subject to the approval of the county fiscal
29	body.
30	SECTION 41. IC 36-2-13-5.6, AS ADDED BY P.L.216-2007,
31	SECTION 53, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
32 33	JULY 1, 2009]: Sec. 5.6. (a) The legislative body of a county may adopt an ordinance:
34	(1) requiring the local law enforcement authority (as defined in
35	IC 11-8-8-2) to collect:
36	(A) an annual sex offender, or violent offender, or child
37	molester registration fee; and
38	(B) a sex offender, or violent offender, or child molester
39	address change fee; and
40	(2) establishing a county sex offender , and violent offender, and
41	child molester administration fund to fund the administration of
42	the sex offender, and violent offender, and child molester



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1	registration system.
2	(b) If an ordinance is adopted under subsection (a), the legislative
3	body of the county shall establish the amount of the annual sex
4	offender, or violent offender, or child molester registration fee.
5	However, the annual sex offender, or violent offender, or child
6	molester registration fee may not exceed fifty dollars (\$50).
7	(c) If an ordinance is adopted under subsection (a), the legislative
8	body of the county shall establish the amount of the sex offender, or
9	violent offender, or child molester address change fee. However, a sex
10	offender, or violent offender, or child molester address change fee
11	may not exceed five dollars (\$5) per address change.
12	(d) The legislative body of the county shall determine the manner
13	in which the local law enforcement authority shall collect the annual
14	sex offender, or violent offender, or child molester registration fee
15	and the sex offender, or violent offender, or child molester address
16	change fee. However, the annual sex offender, or violent offender, or
17	child molester registration fee may be collected only one (1) time per
18	year. The sex offender, or violent offender, or child molester address
19	change fee may be collected each time a sex offender, or violent
20	offender, or child molester registers an address change with the local
21	law enforcement authority.
22	(e) The local law enforcement authority shall transfer fees collected
23	under this section to the county auditor of the county in which the local
24	law enforcement authority exercises jurisdiction.
25	(f) The county auditor shall monthly:
26	(1) deposit ninety percent (90%) of any fees collected under this
27	section in the county sex offender, and violent offender, and
28	child molester administration fund established under subsection
29	(a); and
30	(2) transfer ten percent (10%) of any fees collected under this
31	section to the treasurer of state for deposit in the state sex
32	offender, and violent offender, and child molester
33	administration fund under IC 11-8-8-21.
34	(g) A county fiscal body may appropriate money from the county
35	sex offender, and violent offender, and child molester administration
36	fund to an agency or organization involved in the administration of the
37	sex offender, and violent offender, and child molester registry to

defray the expense of administering or ensuring compliance with the

laws concerning the Indiana sex offender, and violent offender, and



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child molester registry.